Attention

The Cube Tool Developer Guide is currently being rewritten and still incomplete. However, it should already contain enough information to get you started and avoid the most common pitfalls.
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1 Cube Command Line Tools

1.1 Abstract

CUBE provides a set of various command line tools for different purposes.

1.2 Performance Algebra and Tools

As performance tuning of parallel applications usually involves multiple experiments to compare the effects of certain optimization strategies, CUBE offers a mechanism called performance algebra that can be used to merge, subtract, and average the data from different experiments and view the results in the form of a single "derived" experiment. Using the same representation for derived experiments and original experiments provides access to the derived behavior based on familiar metaphors and tools in addition to an arbitrary and easy composition of operations. The algebra is an ideal tool to verify and locate performance improvements and degradations likewise. The algebra includes three operators—diff, merge, and mean—provided as command-line utilities which take two or more CUBE files as input and generate another CUBE file as output. The operations are closed in the sense that the operators can be applied to the results of previous operations. Note that although all operators are defined for any valid CUBE data sets, not all possible operations make actually sense. For example, whereas it can be very helpful to compare two versions of the same code, computing the difference between entirely different programs is unlikely to yield any useful results.

1.2.1 Difference

Changing a program can alter its performance behavior. Altering the performance behavior means that different results are achieved for different metrics. Some might increase while others might decrease. Some might rise in certain parts of the program only, while they drop off in other parts. Finding the reason for a gain or loss in overall performance often requires considering the performance change as a multidimensional structure. With CUBE's difference operator, a user can view this structure by computing the difference between two experiments and rendering the derived result experiment like an original one. The difference operator takes two experiments and computes a derived experiment whose severity function reflects the difference between the minuend's severity and the subtrahend's severity.

The possible output is presented below.

user@host: cube_diff scout.cube remapped.cube -o result.cube
1 Cube Command Line Tools


- -o Name of the output file (default: diff.cube)
- -c Reduce system dimension, if experiments are incompatible.
- -C Collapse system dimension! Overrides option -c.
- -h Help; Output a brief help message.

1.2.2 Merge

The merge operator's purpose is the integration of performance data from different sources. Often a certain combination of performance metrics cannot be measured during a single run. For example, certain combinations of hardware events cannot be counted simultaneously due to hardware resource limits. Or the combination of performance metrics requires using different monitoring tools that cannot be deployed during the same run. The merge operator takes an arbitrary number of CUBE experiments with a different or overlapping set of metrics and yields a derived CUBE experiment with a joint set of metrics.

The possible output is presented below.

user@host: cube_merge scout.cube remapped.cube -o result.cube

++++++++++++ Merge operation begins ++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Reading scout.cube ... done.
Reading remapped.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Merge operation...
   Topology retained in experiment.
   Topology retained in experiment.
done.
++++++++++++ Merge operation ends successfully +++++++++++++++++++
Writing result.cube ... done.
1.2 Performance Algebra and Tools


- **-o** Name of the output file (default: merge.cube)
- **-c** Reduce dimension, if experiments are incompatible
- **-C** Collapse system dimension!
- **-h** Help; Output a brief help message.

### 1.2.3 Mean

The mean operator is intended to smooth the effects of random errors introduced by unrelated system activity during an experiment or to summarize across a range of execution parameters. You can conduct several experiments and create a single average experiment from the whole series. The mean operator takes an arbitrary number of arguments.

The possible output is presented below:

```
user@host: cube_mean scout1.cube scout2.cube scout3.cube scout4.cube -o mean.cube
+++++++++++++ Mean operation begins ++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Reading scout1.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies... done.
INFO::Mean operation... done.
Reading scout2.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies... done.
INFO::Mean operation... done.
Reading scout3.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies... done.
INFO::Mean operation... done.
Reading scout4.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies... done.
INFO::Mean operation... done.
+++++++++++++ Mean operation ends successfully ++++++++++++++++
Writing mean.cube ... done.
```

Usage: cube_mean [-o output] [-c] [-C] [-h] <cube experiment>
1 Cube Command Line Tools

-o Name of the output file (default: mean.cube)
-c Do not collapse system dimension, if experiments are incompatible
-C Collapse system dimension
-h Help; Output a brief help message.

1.2.4 Compare

Compares two experiments and prints out if they are equal or not. Two experiments are equal if they have same dimensions hierarchy and the equal values of the severities.

An example of the output is below.

user@host: cube_cmp remapped.cube scout1.cube
Reading remapped.cube ... done.
Reading scout1.cube ... done.
+++++++++++++++++ Compare operation begins ++++++++++++++++++
Experiments are not equal.
+++++++++++++++++ Compare operation ends successfully +++++++++

Usage: cube_cmp [-h] <cube experiment 1> <cube experiment 2>
-h Help; Output a brief help message.

1.3 Cube Remapping tool

CUBE provides an universal flexible tool, which allows to transform metric tree of an input .cubex into an arbitrary metric hierarchy according to user defined flexible rules. This can be used by performance analysis tools, such as Score-P or Scalasca. In particularly one classifies different call paths according to some user defined rules.

As well one can use this tool to convert derived metrics into the data (if possible) or to add an additional metric into the current .cubex file.

1.3.1 Tool Usage

Usage: ./cube_remap2 -r <remap specification file> [-o output] [-d] [-s] [-h] <cube experiment>
-r Name of the remapping specification file. By omitting this option the specification file from the cube experiment is taken if present.
-c Create output file with the same structure as an input file. It overrides option "-r"
-o Name of the output file (default: remap)
-d Convert all prederived metrics into usual metrics, calculate and store their values as a data.
-s Add hardcoded SCALASCA metrics "Idle threads" and "Limited parallelizm"
1.3 Cube Remapping tool

-h Help: Output a brief help message.

1.3.2 Remapping algorithm

The main idea behind the working way of the remapping tool is simple: user formulates the target hierarchy of the metrics in an external file (.spec) and defines rules how they are calculated using CubePL syntax. Remapping tool creates then an output cube with this metric hierarchy.

In particularly remapping tool performs following steps:

1. Is command-line option -c specified, remapping tool works in "Copy" mode: it creates output cube with identical metrics hierarchy. One combines it usual with the options -d and -s. Otherwise...

2. Is command-line option -r omit, remapping tool looks for the .spec file within the input .cubex file. Score-P starting with version v5 stores its .spec file within profile.cubex. Otherwise...

3. Is command-line option -r specified, remapping tools looks for .spec file and creates the new (working) cube object with the metric hierarchy as metric dimension specified in .spec file

4. Then it merges metric hierarchy of the input file into the current metric hierarchy. All metrics from the input file which present in .spec hierarchy gets mapped to them. All missing metrics will be added as additional metrics.

5. Is the command-line option -s specified, tool adds additional SCALASCA metrics "Idle threads" and "Limited parallelism"

6. Other dimensions and elements of the input .cubex file (topologies, mirrors and similar) get merged into the new cube object one-to-one (as the freshly created cube object doesn't have any)

7. If the command-line option -d is omit, remapping tool saves created cube on disk as it is. All derived metrics in .spec file will stay as derived metrics and will be executed only while working with the stored .cubex file in GUI or with command-line tools.

8. Did user specified command-line option -d, the second phase of the remapping is executed: calculation of derived metrics and converting them into the data. Note, that no all metrics are convertible (such as rates or similar) into data and should stay derived in the target file. To do so remapping tool creates an additional cube object with the identical structure (only convertible derived metrics are turned into the regular data metrics) of the intermediate working cube and copies metric-by-metric its data. As result, derived metrics are calculated and their value is stored as a data into the target cube.

9. Resulting cube object is saved on disk.

As one can see user can use remapping tool for different purposes:

1. Convert derived metrics of the current .cubex file into the data metrics. For that it is enough to execube remapping tool as:

   ./cube_remap2 -d <input>
1. Add an additional derived metric into the current .cubex cube
2. Create a new .cubex with the user specified metrics hierarchy. (standard usage)

1.3.3 Syntax of a .spec file

Examples for .spec files are shipped with the CUBE package and stored in the directory [prefix]/share/doc/cubelib/examples

Here we provide some commented examples of .spec files.

1. In first case we add an additional metric IPC into the cube file

```
<metrics>
  <metric type="POSTDERIVED" convertible="false">
    <disp _name>IPC, ipc</disp_name>
    <uniq _name>ipc</uniq_name>
    <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
    <uom></uom>
    <descr>Value of IPC (instructions per cycle), computed as PAPI_TOT_INS() / PAPI_TOT_CYC()</descr>
    <cubepl>
      metric::PAPI_TOT_INS() / metric::PAPI_TOT_CYC()
    </cubepl>
  </metric>
</metrics>
```

Here the whole hierarchy consist of only one metric IPC, which is "non convertible" into data as it is a POSTDERIVED metric and usual aggregation rules are not applicable. This metric has a data type FLOAT and requires, that input file contains metrics PAPI_TOT_CYC and PAPI_TOT_INS. Otherwise this metric will be always evaluated to 0.

2. In second case we add two sub metrics to the metric "Time", in order to classify time spend in "MPI" regions and "Other"

```
<metrics>
  <metric>
    <!-- This metric is copied from the trace analysis -->
    <disp _name>Time</disp_name>
    <uniq _name>time</uniq_name>
    <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
    <uom>sec</uom>
    <url>@mirror@scalasca_patterns-2.1.html#time</url>
    <descr>Total CPU allocation time (includes time allocated for idle threads)</descr>
    <metric type="PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE">
      <disp _name>MPI regions</disp_name>
      <uniq _name>mpiregions</uniq_name>
      <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
      <uom>sec</uom>
      <url></url>
      <descr>Time spend in MPI regions</descr>
      <cubepl>
        ${a}=0;
        if (${cube::region::name}[${calculation::region::id}] =~ /^MPI_/) {
          ${a}=metric::time();
        }
        return ${a};
      </cubepl>
    </metric>
  </metric>
</metrics>
```
1.3 Cube Remapping tool

```xml
<metric type="PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE">
  <disp name="Other regions"/>
  <uniq name="nonmpi"/>
  <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
  <uom>sec</uom>
  <url></url>
  <descr>Time spend in non-MPI regions</descr>
  <cubepl>
    { $a=0;
      if (not(${cube::region::name}[${calculation::region::id}] =~ /^MPI_/))
        {
          $a=metric::time();
        }
      return $a;
    }$
  </cubepl>
</metric>

Here target hierarchy consist of the top metric “Time” and two sub metrics “MPI regions” and ”Other regions”. Clearly that they both will sum up to the total “Time” metric. Hence one expects that expanded metric “Time” will be always zero. Note that sub metrics are defined as PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE as their value is valid only for the one call path and not their children.

3. In third case we would like to split the time metric into two metrics and to hide the metric itself. For that we declare it as “GHOST” metric and declare sub metrics as root metrics.

```xml
<metrics>
  <metric viztype="GHOST">
    <!-- This metric is copied from the trace analysis -->
    <disp name="Time"/>
    <uniq name="time"/>
    <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
    <uom>sec</uom>
    <url>@mirror@scalasca.patterns-2.1.html#time</url>
    <descr>Total CPU allocation time (includes time allocated for idle threads)

</metric>
  <metric type="PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE">
    <disp name="MPI regions"/>
    <uniq name="mpiregions"/>
    <dtype> FLOAT</dtype>
    <uom>sec</uom>
    <url></url>
    <descr>Time spend in MPI regions</descr>
    <cubepl>
      { $a=0;
        if (${cube::region::name}[${calculation::region::id}] =~ /^MPI_/)
          {
            $a=metric::time();
          }
        return $a;
      }$
    </cubepl>
  </metric>
  <metric type="PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE">
    <disp name="Other regions"/>
    <uniq name="nonmpi"/>
    <dtype> FLOAT</dtype>
    <uom>sec</uom>
    <url></url>
    <descr>Time spend in non-MPI regions</descr>
    <cubepl>
      {
```
As result, the target .cubex file will have only two new root metrics, "MPI regions" and "Other regions". Metric "Time" will be not visible in GUI and command line tools.

1.3.4 Optimization of the remapping.

As remapping process is defined in very general way, naive approach in .spec file formulation might take significant calculation time. Using advanced technics in CubePL one can optimize remapping process. For example one can:

- Using CubePL variables in order to avoid string comparison by every calculation step
- Using CubePL initialization step in order to perform some calculation only once
- Use bitmask multiplication for the evaluation of values along the system tree

Great example of usage of the optimization technics are the .spec files provided with Score-P or Scalasca.

1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

Besides of the remapping utility and the algebra tools CUBE provides various tool for different testing, checking, inspection tasks.

1.4.1 Cube Server cube_server

This tool starts a server and provide cube reports "as they are" for clients without needing to copy them to the client machine. The cube_server performs also all required calculations, so one uses computational power of the HPC system and not of the client system (which might be unsufficient).

```
user@host: cube_server
[12044] Cube Server: CubeLib-4.7.0 (e15c4008) [POSIX]
```

**Usage:** cube_server [options]

- **-h, -?** Print this help message.
- **-p N** Bind socket on port N (default port: 3300)

Many hosts don't allow ports to be accessed from the outside. You may use SSH tunneling (also referred to as SSH port forwarding) to route the local network traffic throught SSH to
1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

the remote host.
In the following example, cube_server is started with the default port 3300 on the remote server server.example.com. The traffic, which is sent to localhost:3000, will be forwarded to server.example.com on the same port.

[client]$ ssh -L 3300:server.example.com:3300 server.example.com
[server.example.com]$ cube_server
Cube Server: CubeLib-4.7.0 (external) [POSIX]

1.4.2 Sanity Check

This tool performs series of checks to confirm that stored data has a semantic sense, e.g. "non-negative time" and similar. It is being used as a correctness tool for the Score-P and Scalasca measurements.

user@host: cube_sanity profile.cubex
Name not empty or UNKNOWN ... 71 / 71 OK
No ANONYMOUS functions ... 71 / 71 OK
No TRUNCATED functions ... 71 / 71 OK
File name not empty ... 71 / 71 OK
Proper line numbers ... 0 / 71 OK
No TRACING outside Init and Finalize ... 123 / 123 OK
No negative inclusive metrics ... 409344 / 440832 OK
No negative exclusive metrics ... 409344 / 440832 OK

Usage: cube_sanity [ flags ] <cube experiment>
-h Help; Output a brief help message.
-n Disables the (time consuming) check for negative inclusive metric values.
-x Disables the (time consuming) check for negative exclusive metric values.
-l Disables checks for line numbers.
-f <file.filt> Checks whether a node's name is matched by a pattern in file.filt.
-o <output_file> Path of the output file. If no output file is given, detailed output will be suppressed. A summary will always be printed out to stdout.
-v <0|1|2|3> Verbosity level of output

1.4.3 Insertion of of derived metric into the .cubex

One small tool, which does nothing but adding an additional user-defined derived metric into the input .cubex file. Functionality of this tool is provided by remapping tool 1.3 tool as well, but from historical reasons we still deliver this tool.
1 Cube Command Line Tools

```
user@host: cube derive -t postderived -r exclusive -e "metric::time()/metric::visits(e)" -p root kenobi profile.cubex -o result.cubex
```

```
user@host: cube dump -m kenobi -c 0 -t aggr -z incl result.cubex
```

```
Usage: cube derive [-h] [-t prederived|postderived] [-r exclusive|inclusive] -e <cubepl_expression> -p <parent_metric> -m <targetmetric> <cube experiment> [-o <output experiment>]

-h Help; Output a brief help message.

-t prederived/postderived Specifies, whether derived metric is PREDERIVED or POST-DERIVED

-r exclusive/inclusive Specifies, whether derived metric is EXCLUSIVE or INCLUSIVE (has no effect for POSTDERIVED metrics)

-e CubePL expression of the derived metric

-p New metric will be added as a child of this metric. “root” is possible

Name of the created metric. It should not clash with the existing metric.

Name of the input file

-o Name of the output file. Default “derived.cubex”

1.4.4 Inspection of a call tree

A small tool to inspect aggregated values in call tree of a specific metric. Functionality of this tool is reproduced in one or another way by cube_dump 1.4.16 utility.

```
user@host: cube calltree -m time -a -t 1 -i -p -c ~/Studies/Cube/Adviser/4n_256_/scorep_casino_1n_256x1_sum_br/profile.cubex
```

```
Reading /home/zam/psaviank/Studies/Cube/Adviser/4n_256_/scorep_casino_1n_256x1_sum_br/profile.cubex... done.
```

```
355599 (100%) MAIN__(id=0) 1389.06
```

```
Usage: cube calltree [-h] [-m <metric>] -a -t <threshold> [-i] [-p] [-c <path>]
```

Reading /home/zam/psaviank/Studies/Cube/Adviser/4n_256_/scorep_casino_1n_256x1_sum_br/profile.cubex... done.

```
353588 (99.435%) + monte_carlo USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_
```

```
8941.95 (2.515%) | + monte_carlo_IP_read_wave_function USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_read_wave_function_
```

```
5980.68 (1.682%) | | + MPI_Bcast USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_read_wave_function_/MPI_Bcast
```

```
343175 (96.506%) | | + monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_
```

```
4657.85 (1.31%) | | + MPI_Ssend USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_/MPI_Ssend
```

```
303193 (85.263%) | | | + dmcdmc_main.move_config USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_/dmcdmc_main.move_config_
```

```
21668.4 (67.949%) | | | + wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_/dmcdmc_main.move_config_/wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_
```

```
19722.3 (5.546%) | | | | + pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_/dmcdmc_main.move_config_/wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_/pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
```

```
28878.5 (8.121%) | | | | + wfn_utils.wfn_ratio USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_/dmcdmc_main.move_config_/wfn_utils.wfn_ratio_
```

```
6907.92 (1.943%) | | | | + slater.wfn_ratio_slater USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_/dmcdmc_main.move_config_/wfn_utils.wfn_ratio_/slater.wfn_ratio_slater_
```

```
19721.7 (5.546%) | | | | + pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_/dmcdmc_main.move_config_/wfn_utils.wfn_ratio_/pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
```

```
241626 (67.949%) | | | | + energy_utils.eval_local_energy USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_/dmcdmc_main.move_config_/energy_utils.eval_local_energy_
```

```
20785.6 (5.845%) | | | | | + wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_/dmcdmc_main.move_config_/energy_utils.eval_local_energy_/wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_
```

```
28298.1 (5.708%) | | | | | + pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow USR:/MAIN__/monte_carlo_/monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_/dmcdmc_main.move_config_/energy_utils.eval_local_energy_/wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_/pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
```
1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

Usage:  cube_calltree -a -m metricname -t threshold -c -i -u -h [-f] filename

-m metricname  print out values for the metric <metricname>;
-a  annotate call path;
-t threshold  print out only call path with a value, which is larger than <threshold>% of
the total metric value. 0<=threshold<=100;
-i  calculate inclusive values instead of exclusive.
-f  open <filename>;
-p  display percent value;
-c  display callpath for every region;
-h  display this help.

1.4.5 System tree partition

Is one interested on performance profile of a PART of the system, e.g. only nodeplane 0, or
ranks from 0 to N, one can set other locations to VOID and create a .cubex file, which has
only data for the remaining part.

Partition some of system tree (processes) and void the remainder


-I  Invert sense of partition
-R  List of process ranks for partition (e.g., "0-3,7,13-")
-o  Name of the output file (default: part)
-h  Help; Show this brief help message and exit.
1 Cube Command Line Tools

1.4.6 Region information

This tool displays a flat profile for the selected metrics and with the classification of regions. Similar functionality is provide by the tool 1.4.16

Short call displays an overview across types of regions.

```
user@host:cube_regioninfo -m time,visits profile.cubex
done.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>bl</th>
<th>type</th>
<th>time</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>visits</th>
<th>% region</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>355599</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>664724749</td>
<td>100.00 (summary) ALL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MPI</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.00 (summary) MPI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>USR</td>
<td>355599</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>664724749</td>
<td>100.00 (summary) USR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>COM</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.00 (summary) COM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

If one wants a detailed view of the flat profile, one uses -r command line option. Note that can provide list of regions for filtering (file filter.txt)

```
user@host:cube_regioninfo -l filter.txt -m time,visits -r profile.cubex
done.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>bl</th>
<th>type</th>
<th>time</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>visits</th>
<th>% region</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>USR</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.00 MEASUREMENT OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>USR</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.00 TRACE BUFFER FLUSH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>USR</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.00 THREADS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

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1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

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USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_lock_all
USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_post
USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_set_attr
USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_set_errhandler
USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_set_info
+ USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_set_name
+ USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_shared_query
+ USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_start
+ USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_sync
+ USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_test
+ USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_unlock
+ USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_unlock_all
+ USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 MPI_Win_wait
+ USR 0 0.00 0 0.00 PARALLEL
+ USR 155 0.04 256 0.00 MAIN...
+ USR 0 0.00 256 0.00 get_nnpSPMV
+ USR 1 0.00 126669 0.02 run_control.check_alloc...
+ USR 8 0.00 256 0.00 get_smp_list...
+ USR 0 0.00 256 0.00 set_shm_numablock
+ USR 401 0.11 256 0.00 monte_carlo...
+ USR 0 0.00 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_set_defaults...
+ USR 124 0.03 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_set_input_parameters...
+ USR 10 0.00 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_read_particles...
+ USR 3 0.00 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_read_custom_spindep...
+ USR 6 0.00 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_assign_spindep...
+ USR 2 0.00 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_check_input_parameters...
+ USR 0 0.00 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_input_setup...
+ USR 0 0.00 1 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_print_input_parameters...
+ USR 0 0.00 62 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_wout_iparam...
+ USR 0 0.00 1 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_print_particles...
+ USR 107 0.03 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_read_wave_function...
+ USR 2 0.00 256 0.00 alloc_shm...
+ USR 0 0.00 256 0.00 alloc_shm.sysv...
+ USR 0 0.00 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_flag_missing_dets...
+ USR 0 0.00 1 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_check_wave_function...
+ USR 36 0.01 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_calculate_geometry...
+ USR 27 0.01 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_read_pseudopotentials...
+ USR 0 0.00 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_geometry_printout...
+ USR 1 0.00 256 0.00 monte_carlo.IP_orbital_setup...
Usage:
cube_regioninfo [-l filename] [-m filename] [-h] [-s] cubefile

-h Help; Output this help message
-r be verbose, print info about any region
-l Specify a list of regions for the blacklist
-m Specify a list of metrics, the list has to be comma-separated, no spaces allowed

1.4.7 Cube Information

Another tool which allows to examine performance data along the call tree with ability to filter accordingly to user defined criteria. Partially same functionality is implemented by 1.4.16 and call tree.
1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

user@host: cube_info -t -m bytes_sent profile.cubex

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>bytes_sent</th>
<th>Diff-Calltree</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>355508</td>
<td>14204637004</td>
<td>* MAIN__</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1411</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* MPI_Init</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* MPI_Comm.size</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* MPI_Comm.rank</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* get_nnpsspmp_</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* run_control.check Alloc_</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td>917504</td>
<td>* get_smp_list_</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* MPI_Comm.rank</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* MPI_Comm.size</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>262144</td>
<td>* MPI_Allreduce</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* set_smp.numablock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>655360</td>
<td>* MPI_Allgather</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* MPI_Comm.group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* MPI_Group.incl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* MPI_Comm.create</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* MPI_Comm.group</td>
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<tr>
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<td>0</td>
<td>* MPI_Group.incl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>* MPI_Comm_create</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

353588 | 14203719500 | * monte_carlo_ |
| 0     | 0          | * monte_carlo.IP_set_defaults_ |
| 142   | 0          | * monte_carlo.IP_set_input_parameters_ |
| 0     | 0          | * run_control.check Alloc_ |
| 10    | 0          | * monte_carlo.IP_read_particles_ |
| 0     | 0          | * run_control.check Alloc_ |
| 3     | 0          | * monte_carlo.IP_read_custom_spindep_ |
| 5     | 0          | * monte_carlo.IP_assign_spin_deps_ |
| 0     | 0          | * run_control.check Alloc_ |
| 174   | 1024       | * monte_carlo.IPcheck_input_parameters_ |
| 172   | 1024       | * MPI.Bcast |
| 0     | 0          | * monte_carlo.IP_input_setup_ |
| 0     | 0          | * monte_carlo.IP_print_input_parameters_ |
| 0     | 0          | * monte_carlo.IP wout_iparam_ |
| 0     | 0          | * monte_carlo.IP_print_particles_ |
| 68    | 12288      | * MPI.Bcast |
| 0     | 0          | * run_control.check Alloc_ |
| 0     | 0          | * MPI_Comm.group |
| 0     | 0          | * MPI_Group.incl |
| 23    | 0          | * MPI_Comm_create |

8941  | 12811606784 | * monte_carlo.IP_read_wave_function_ |
| 2792  | 0          | * MPI.Barrier |
| 55    | 0          | * MPI_Comm.split |
| 5980  | 12811605760 | * MPI.Bcast |
| 0     | 0          | * run_control.check Alloc_ |
| 5     | 1024       | * alloc_shm_ |
| 4     | 1024       | * alloc_shm.sysv |
| 3     | 1024       | * MPI.Bcast |
| 0     | 0          | * MPI.Barrier |
| 0     | 0          | * monte_carlo.IP_flag_missing_dets_ |
| 0     | 0          | * run_control.check Alloc_ |
| 0     | 0          | * monte_carlo.IP_check_wave_function_ |
| 36    | 0          | * monte_carlo.IP_calculate_geometry_ |
```
1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

<p>| | | | | | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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<tr>
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<td>+ MPI_Allgather</td>
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<td>+ MPI_Allgather</td>
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<td>+ dealloc_shm_sysv</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<td>+ clean_shm_</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>348</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>+ MPI_Finalize</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Usage:** cube_info [ flags ] <cube experiments>

- **-h** Help: Output a brief help message.
- **-t** Shows the metric "time" (inclusive, aggregated over all threads.)
- **-v** Shows the metric "visits" (exclusive, aggregated over all threads.)
- **-w** Shows the number of visitors for each Cnode, i.e. the number of threads that have a visits counter of 1 or higher.
- **-m met** Shows the metric described by the string met.
- **-l** Lists all available metrics.
- **-b** Shows some basic information about the cube file.
- **-a met,thrh** Checks whether a node’s value for a certain metric is below a given threshold with respect to the node’s absolute value. Affected nodes are aggregated to a single node and output of their children is suppressed.
- **-r met,thrh** Like –absolute, but based on a percentage of the root’s value.
- **-x met,thrh** Like –absolute, but based on selecting most relevant children of a node at each level.

**met** must have the following form: **unique_metric_name:[incl|excl]:process_number.thread_number**

It is allowed to omit anything except for the metric’s unique name, so "time" would compute the inclusive time aggregated over all threads or "time:excl:2" would compute the exclusive time aggregated over all threads that belong to the process with the id 2.

1.4.8 Tester

With the tool cube_test one can perform various test on .cubex file such as range test on metric values and similar. This is used usually in the correctness tests of Score-P and
SCALASCA.

Usage: cube_test [ flags ] <cube1> <cube2>

-? Help; Output a brief help message.

-h Help; Output a long help message.

-o Set the output file. If omitted, STDOUT is used.

-c tree1[,tree2] Create a new copy of the tree "tree2" that is called "tree1". If "tree2" is omitted, "tree1" will be a copy of the "ALL"

-e metric[,tree] Checks whether the metric described by the string "metric" is equal for all provided CUBE files and for all nodes of the tree "tree". If tree is omitted, all nodes are checked.

-s metric,type,tol[,tree] Checks whether the metric described by the string "metric" is sufficiently similar for all CUBE files, according to the qualifiers type and "tol". "tol" specifies the tolerance which is given as a real number. The meaning of the tolerance value depends on the "type". "type" is either ABS or REL. If "type" is ABS than the nodes are similar if the difference between all values for that metric is below "tol". If "type" is REL than the nodes are similar if the difference between all values for that metric is below: \( \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{v_i}{V} \), where n is the number of CUBE files, i-th file and V is value of metric. If "tree" is omitted, all nodes are checked.

-a metric,thrh[,tree] Removes all nodes from the tree "tree" whose values are below "thrh" for the metric "metric". If tree is omitted, nodes are removed from the default tree ALL.

-r metric,thrh[,tree] Removes all nodes from the tree "tree" whose values are below "thrh" percent of the sum of all roots values. "thrh" is supposed to be a value between 0 and 1. If "tree" is omitted, nodes are removed from the default tree ALL.

-x metric,thrh[,tree] For each node of the tree tree we consider all children N of that node. Let vi be the value for the given metric and the node i in N. Then we select a maximal subset M (smaller than N) with the property \( \sum_{i \in M} v_i \leq thrh \times \sum_{i \in N} v_i \) and remove all nodes from M. If tree is omitted, nodes are removed from the default tree ALL.

-v [0,1,2,3] Verbosity level: 0 - silent, 1 - report only summary, 2 - report only errors, 3 - report status of all tests

WARNING: The order of the options matters.

1.4.9 Canonizer

With this tool user can convert all regions into canonical form, names into lower case, removing lines and filenames, in order to be able to compare measurements results.

Here is an example of execution

cube_canonize -p -m 10 -c -f -l profile.cubex canonized.cubex

cube_dump -w profile.cubex

....
1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

Usage:  cube_canonize [ flags ] <input> <output>

-h  Print this help
-p  Use PDT format
-m <num>  Maximum length
-c  Lower case
-f  Remove file names
-l  Remove line numbers

1.4.10 Clean

CUBE files may contain more data in the definition part than absolutely necessary. The cube_clean utility creates a new CUBE file with an identical structure as the input experiment, but with the definition part cleaned up.

An example of the output is presented below.

user@host: cube_clean remapped.cube -o cleaned.cube
1 Cube Command Line Tools

++++++++++++ Clean operation begins ++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Reading remapped.cube ... done.

Topology retained in experiment.
++++++++++++ Clean operation ends successfully ++++++++++++++++ 
Writing cleaned.cube ... done.

Usage: cube_clean [-o output] [-c|-C] [-h] <cube experiment>
- output file (default: clean.cube.gz)
- Reduce system dimension, if experiments are incompatible.
- Collapse system dimension! Overrides option -c.
- Help; Output a brief help message.

1.4.11 Reroot, Prune

For the detailed study of some part of the execution, the CUBE file can be modified based
on a given call-tree node. Two different operations are possible:

- The call tree may be re-rooted, i.e., only sub-trees with the given call-tree node as
root are retained in the experiment.
- An entire sub-tree may be pruned, i.e., removed from the experiment. In this case,
all metric values for that sub-tree will be attributed to it's parent call-tree node (= 
"inlined").

One can have multiple -p and -r options, none of regions ( in -p and in -r separately) should
have eachother as parents and wrong regions names are ignored.

An example of the output is presented below.

user@host: cube_cut -r inner_auto -p flux_err -o cutted.cube remapped.cube

Reading remapped.cube ... done.

++++++++++++ Cut operation begins ++++++++++++++++++++++++++

Topology retained in experiment.
++++++++++++ Cut operation ends successfully ++++++++++++++++ 
Writing cutted.cube ... done.


- Re-root calltree at named node(s)
- Prune calltree from named node(s) (= "inlined")
- Name of the output file (default: cut)
- Reduce system dimension, if experiments are incompatible.
- Collapse system dimension! Overrides option -c.
- Help; Output a brief help message.
### 1.4.12 Statistics

Extracts statistical information from the CUBE files.

```plaintext
user@host: ./cube_stat -m time,mpi -p remapped.cube -%

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MetricRoutine</th>
<th>Count</th>
<th>Sum</th>
<th>Mean</th>
<th>Variance</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>time INCL(MAIN__)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>143.199101</td>
<td>35.799775</td>
<td>0.001783</td>
<td>35.759769</td>
<td>35.839160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>time EXCL(MAIN__)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.078037</td>
<td>0.019509</td>
<td>0.000441</td>
<td>0.001156</td>
<td>0.037711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>time task_init_</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.568882</td>
<td>0.142221</td>
<td>0.001802</td>
<td>0.102174</td>
<td>0.181852</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>time read_input_</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.101781</td>
<td>0.025445</td>
<td>0.000622</td>
<td>0.000703</td>
<td>0.051980</td>
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<tr>
<td>time decomp_</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.000005</td>
<td>0.000001</td>
<td>0.000000</td>
<td>0.000001</td>
<td>0.000002</td>
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<tr>
<td>time inner_auto_</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>142.361593</td>
<td>35.590398</td>
<td>0.000609</td>
<td>35.566589</td>
<td>35.612125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>time task_end_</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.088803</td>
<td>0.022201</td>
<td>0.000473</td>
<td>0.000468</td>
<td>0.043699</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| mpi INCL(MAIN__) | 4     | 62.530811 | 15.632703 | 2.190396  | 13.607989 | 17.162466 |
| mpi EXCL(MAIN__) | 4     | 0.000000  | 0.000000  | 0.000000  | 0.000000  | 0.000000  |
| mpi task_init_ | 4     | 0.304931  | 0.076233  | 0.001438  | 0.040472  | 0.113223  |
| mpi read_input_ | 4     | 0.101017  | 0.025254  | 0.000633  | 0.000034  | 0.051952  |
| mpi decomp_ | 4     | 0.000000  | 0.000000  | 0.000000  | 0.000000  | 0.000000  |
| mpi inner_auto_ | 4 | 62.037503  | 15.509376 | 2.194255  | 13.478049 | 17.031288 |
| mpi task_end_ | 4     | 0.087360  | 0.021840  | 0.000473  | 0.000108  | 0.043333  |
```

```plaintext
user@host: ./cube_stat -t33 remapped.cube -p -m time,mpi,visits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>NumberOfCalls</th>
<th>ExclusiveTime</th>
<th>InclusiveTime</th>
<th>time mpi visits</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>sweep</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>76.438435</td>
<td>130.972847</td>
<td>76.438435</td>
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<tr>
<td>MPI_Recv</td>
<td>39936</td>
<td>36.632249</td>
<td>36.632249</td>
<td>36.632249</td>
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<tr>
<td>MPI_Send</td>
<td>39936</td>
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<td>17.684986</td>
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<td>MPI_Allreduce</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>7.383520</td>
<td>2.383520</td>
<td>7.383520</td>
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<td>source</td>
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<td>MPI_Barrier</td>
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<td>0.251017</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>0.189381</td>
<td>0.189381</td>
<td>0.189381</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>0.170402</td>
<td>0.170402</td>
<td>0.170402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>snd_real_</td>
<td>39936</td>
<td>0.132666</td>
<td>13.824251</td>
<td>0.132666</td>
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<tr>
<td>MPI_Finalize</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.087360</td>
<td>0.087360</td>
<td>0.087360</td>
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<tr>
<td>initialize_</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.084858</td>
<td>0.168192</td>
<td>0.084858</td>
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<tr>
<td>initxs_</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.083242</td>
<td>0.083242</td>
<td>0.083242</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAIN__</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.078037</td>
<td>143.199101</td>
<td>0.078037</td>
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<tr>
<td>rcv_real_</td>
<td>39936</td>
<td>0.077341</td>
<td>36.709590</td>
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<td>inner</td>
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<td>143.372220</td>
<td>0.034985</td>
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<td>task_init_</td>
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<td>0.568882</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>read_input_</td>
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<td>0.101781</td>
<td>0.000716</td>
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<td>octant</td>
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<td>global_real_max</td>
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<td>1.374712</td>
<td>0.000441</td>
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<tr>
<td>global_int_sum</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>0.000298</td>
<td>5.978850</td>
<td>0.000298</td>
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<tr>
<td>global_real_sum</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>0.000108</td>
<td>0.030815</td>
<td>0.000108</td>
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<td>barrier_sync_</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0.000105</td>
<td>0.383007</td>
<td>0.000105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bcast_int_</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0.000068</td>
<td>0.189395</td>
<td>0.000068</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>timers</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.000044</td>
<td>0.000044</td>
<td>0.000044</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```
### Cube Command Line Tools

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Time Stamps</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>initgeom_</td>
<td>4 0.000042 0.000042 0.000042 0.000000 4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>initsnc_</td>
<td>4 0.000038 0.000050 0.000038 0.000000 4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>task_end_</td>
<td>4 0.000013 0.088803 0.000013 0.000000 4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bcast_real.</td>
<td>4 0.000010 0.000065 0.000010 0.000000 4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>decomp_</td>
<td>4 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000000 4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>timers_</td>
<td>2 0.000004 0.000048 0.000004 0.000000 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Usage:
```
cube_stat [-h] [-p] [-m <metric>,<metric>...] [-%] [-r <routine>,<routine>...] 
  <cubefile>
```

- **-h**  Display this help message
- **-p**   Pretty-print statistics (instead of CSV output)
- **-%**   Provide statistics about process/thread metric values
- **-m**   List of metrics (default: time)
- **-r**   List of routines (default: main). Use mangeled name, if available.
- **-t**   Number for topN regions flat profile

Output of the tool **1.4.16** as
```
cube_dump -w <profile.cubex>
```

lists next to the display name of the region its mangeled name as well.

#### 1.4.13 from TAU to CUBE

Converts a profile generated by the TAU Performance System into the CUBE format. Currently, only 1-level, 2-level and full call-path profiles are supported.

An example of the output is presented below.
```
user@host: ./tau2cube3 tau2 -o b.cube
Parsing TAU profile... done.
Creating CUBE profile... done.
Number of call paths : 5
  Childmain int (int, char **)
Number of call paths : 5
  ChildsomeA void (void)
Number of call paths : 5
  ChildsomeB void (void)
```
1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

Number of call paths : 5
ChildsomeC void (void)
Number of call paths : 5
ChildsomeD void (void)
Path to Parents : 5
Path to Child : 1
Number of roots : 5
Call-tree node created
Call-tree node created
Call-tree node created
Call-tree node created
Call-tree node created
value time :: 8.0151
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 11.0138
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 8.01506
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 11.0138
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 5.00815
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 11.0138
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 0.000287
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 11.0138
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 0
value ncalls :: 0
value time :: 9.00879
value ncalls :: 1
done.

**Usage:** tau2cube [tau-profile-dir ][-o cube]

1.4.14 Common Calltree

Common Calltree is a tool to reduce call trees of a set of cube files to the common part.

**Usage:** cube_commoncalltree [-h] <cube experiment> ...

-h  Help; Output a brief help message.

The tool *cube_commoncalltree* takes set of input cubefiles

(cubefile1 cubefile2 ... cubefileN)

and creates corresponding set of cube files

(cubefile1_commoncalltree cubefile2_commoncalltree ... cubefileN_commoncalltree).

Output cube files cubefileX_commoncalltree do have the equal system and metric dimensions like corresponding cubefileX file.
Call trees among `cubefileX_commoncalltree` files are reduced to the maximal (up to a special case in region naming scheme) common part. Inclusive value of the "missing" part is added as an exclusive value to its parent (which is a part of common part of call tree).

This tool is particularly useful for comparison of experiments with different recursion depth or with the additional sub call trees depending on some loop iteration index.

### 1.4.15 Topology Assistant

Topology assistant is a tool to handle topologies in cube files. It is able to add or edit a topology.

**Usage:** `cube_topoassist [opts] <cube experiment>`

The current available options are:

- To create a new topology in an existing cube file,
- To [re]name an existing virtual topology, and
- To [re]name the dimensions of a virtual topology.

The command-line switches for this utility are:

- `-c`: creates a new topology in the existing cube file.
- `-n`: [re]name an existing topology
- `-d`: name dimensions of a topology

The output is a topo.cube.gz file in the current directory.

As mentioned above, when using the `-d` or `-n` command-line options, a numbered list of the current topologies will appear, showing the topology names, its dimension names (when existing), and the number of coordinates in each dimension, as well as the total number of threads. This is an example of the usage:

```
$ cube_topoassist topo.cube.gz -n
Reading topo.cube.gz. Please wait... Done.
Processes are ordered by rank. For more information about this file, use cube_info -S <cube experiment>
This CUBE has 3 topologie(s).
0. <Unnamed topology>, 3 dimensions: x: 3, y: 1, z: 4. Total = 12 threads.
1. Test topology, 1 dimensions: dim_x: 12. Total = 12 threads.
2. <Unnamed topology>, 3 dimensions: 3, 1, 4. Total = 12 threads. <Dimensions are not named>

Topology to [re]name?
1
New name:
Hardware topology
Topology successfully [re]named.

Writing topo.cube.gz ... done.
```
The process is similar for [re]naming dimensions within a topology. One characteristic is that either all dimensions are named, or none.

One could easily create a script to generate the coordinates according to some algorithm/equation, and feed this to the assistant as an input. The only requirement is to answer the questions in the order they appear, and after that, feed the coordinates. Coordinates are asked for in rank order, and inside every rank, in thread order.

The sequence of questions made by the assistant when creating a new topology (the -c switch) is:

- New topology's name
- Number of dimensions
- Will the above dimensions be named? (Y/N)
- If yes, asks the name. Empty is not valid.
- Number of coordinates in that dimension
- Asks if this dimension is either periodic or not (Y/N)
- Repeat the previous three steps for every dimension
- After that, it expects the coordinates for each thread in this topology, separated by spaces, in the order described above.

This is a sample session of the assistant:

```
$ cube_topoassist -c experiment.cube.gz
Reading experiment.cube.gz. Please wait... Done.
Processes are ordered by rank. For more information about this file, use cube_info -S <cube experiment>
So far, only cartesian topologies are accepted.
Name for new topology?
Test topology
Number of Dimensions?
3
Do you want to name the dimensions (axis) of this topology? (Y/N)
Y
Name for dimension 0
torque
Number of elements for dimension 0
2000
Is dimension 0 periodic?
Y
Name for dimension 1
rotation
Number of elements for dimension 1
1500
Is dimension 1 periodic?
n
Name for dimension 2
period
Number of elements for dimension 2
50
Is dimension 2 periodic?
n
```
1 Cube Command Line Tools

Alert: The number of possible coordinates (150000000) is bigger than the number of threads on the specified cube file (12). Some positions will stay empty.

Topology on THREAD level.
Thread 0’s (rank 0) coordinates in 3 dimensions, separated by spaces
0 0 0
0 0 1
0 0 2
...
...
...
Writing topo.cube.gz ... done.
$

So, a possible input file for this cube experiment could be:

Test topology
3
y
torque
2000
y
rotation
1500
n
period
50
n
0 0 0
0 0 1
0 0 2
... (the remaining coordinates)

And then call the assistant: cube_topoassist -c cubefile.cube < input.txt

1.4.16 Dump

To export values from the cube report into another tool or to examine internal structure of the cube report CUBE framework provides a tool cube_dump tool, which prints out different values. It calculates inclusive and exclusive values along metric tree and call tree, aggregates over system tree or displays values for every thread separately. In addition it provides user to define new metrics (see file CubeDerivedMetrics.pdf). Results are calculated and shown. For convenience user can invoke defined metrics along with new once in any order. For doing so one lists unique names of metrics separated by commas. For access to more than one callpaths, user can specify the ids or a range of them like “2-9”. This also can be done for threads. Additionally provides a calculation of the flat profile values.

1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

- \texttt{m <metrics>|<new metrics>|all|<filename>} \ Select one or more of metrics (unique names) for data dump.

By giving a CubePL expression one can define one or more new metrics by giving correspond formula. If the expression prefixed with "<name>:'", <name> is used as a unique name for the new metric.

<filename> - takes a CubePL expression from file <filename> and defines a derived metric with it

all - all metrics will be printed.

Combination of these three is possible.

- \texttt{c <cnode ids>|all|leafs|roots|level\:<\:X|level=X|level\:<\:X\:<\:X|name=/regexp/|<filename>}

Select one or more call paths to be printed out.

<cnode ids> - list or range of call path ids: 0,3,5-10,25

all - all call paths are printed

leafs - only call paths without children are printed

roots - only root cnodes are printed

level\:<\:X, level=X or level\:<\:X\:<\:X - only cnodes of the level more, equal or less than N are printed

dd=/<regexp/> - only cnodes of with the name matching to the regular expression '<regexp>'

<filename> - takes a CubePL expression from file <filename> and evaluates it for every callpath.

If the result is non-zero - call path is included into the output.

- \texttt{x incl|excl} \ Selects, if the data along the metric tree should be calculated as an inclusive or an exclusive value.

(Default value: incl).

- \texttt{z incl|excl|stored} \ Selects, if the data along the call tree should be calculated as an inclusive or an exclusive value.

(Default value: excl).

- \texttt{t <thread id>|aggr} \ Show data for one or more selected threads or aggregated over system tree.

- \texttt{r} \ Prints aggregated values for every region (flat profile), sorted by id.

- \texttt{f <name>} \ Selects a stored data with the name <name> to display

- \texttt{d} \ Shows the coordinates for every topology as well.

- \texttt{y} \ Disables expansion of clusters and shows bare stored meta structure.

- \texttt{w} \ Prints out the information about structure of the cube.

- \texttt{g} \ Show ghost metrics (only in combination with -w).

- \texttt{o <filename>|-} \ Uses a device or STDOUT for the output. If omit, STDOUT is used.
1 Cube Command Line Tools

-s human|gnuplot|gnuplot2|csv|csv2|(R) Uses either human readable form, GNUPlot or CSV (two different layouts) format or binary R matrix (in case R is installed) for data export.

-h|--? Help; Output a brief help message.

This is examples of the usage.

Example 1:

```bash
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 0 \ 
-z incl -s gnuplot profile.cubex
```

# ===================== DATA ===================
# Print out the data of the metric time
#main(id=0)
0 0 80.549003343
0 1 44.115097986
0 2 43.486614165
0 3 43.940738098
0 4 80.539393011
0 5 42.723353088
0 6 42.61159706
0 7 43.108220977
0 8 80.635220741
0 9 42.788284208
0 10 43.831524441
0 11 43.652944759
0 12 80.629776666
0 13 42.692885677
0 14 42.719330666
0 15 42.732487708

# Print out the data of the metric New Metric1
#main(id=0)
0 0 80.549003343
0 1 1.79769313486e+308
0 2 1.79769313486e+308
0 3 1.79769313486e+308
0 4 80.539393011
0 5 1.79769313486e+308
0 6 1.79769313486e+308
0 7 1.79769313486e+308
0 8 80.635220741
0 9 1.79769313486e+308
0 10 1.79769313486e+308
0 11 1.79769313486e+308
0 12 80.629776666
0 13 1.79769313486e+308
0 14 1.79769313486e+308
0 15 1.79769313486e+308

# Print out the data of the metric New Metric2
#main(id=0)
0 0 80.549003343
0 1 1.79769313486e+308
0 2 1.79769313486e+308
0 3 1.79769313486e+308
0 4 80.539393011
0 5 1.79769313486e+308
0 6 1.79769313486e+308
0 7 1.79769313486e+308
0 8 80.635220741
0 9 1.79769313486e+308
0 10 1.79769313486e+308
0 11 1.79769313486e+308
0 12 80.629776666
0 13 1.79769313486e+308
0 14 1.79769313486e+308
0 15 1.79769313486e+308

# Print out the data of the metric New Metric2
#main(id=0)
Example 2:

```
$cube_dump -m time -s gnuplot2 profile.cubex

# ===================== CONFIGURE GNUPLOT ===================
set logscal x ; set logscal y ; set grid ; set xrange [16:300000]
; set terminal png size "600,400"

# ===================== DATA ===================
# Print out the data of the metric time

;set output "0.png"
; plot 6.4e-18*x**(5.0/2.0) + 5.2e-05 t "setPrecision(int, PrecisionFormat)(id=18)" ,
1.2e-17*x**(7.0/3.0) + 3.6e-05 t "setRoundNr(int, PrecisionFormat)(id=19)" ,
2.1e-19*x**(9.0/4.0) + 3.1e-05 t "setUpperExpNr(int, PrecisionFormat)(id=20)" ,
7.1e-19*x**(5.0/2.0) + 8.8e-06 t "getInstance()(id=21)" ,
2.8e-18*x**(2.0/1.0)*log(x) + 3.3e-06 t "getCubePluginCount()(id=24)"

;set output "1.png"
; plot 1.3e-20*x**(5.0/2.0)*log(x) + 4.2e-06 t "PluginList()(id=25)" ,
9.7e-18*x**(7.0/3.0) + 1.1e-05 t "loadContextFreePlugin(PluginDatad)(id=28)" ,
1e-17*x**(9.0/4.0) + 8.8e-06 t "loadCubePlugin(PluginDatad)(id=29)" ,
1e-18*x**(9.0/4.0) + 1.1e-06 t "name() const(id=35)" ,
2.6e-18*x**(2.0/1.0)*log(x) + 3.7e-06 t "getCubePlugin(int)(id=44)"
```

Example 3:

```
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 0 \ 
-t aggr -z incl -s human profile.cubex

===================== DATA ===================
Print out the data of the metric time

All threads

35
Cube Command Line Tools

main(id=0)  841.755571994
Print out the data of the metric New Metric1

All threads

main(id=0)  210.438892999
Print out the data of the metric New Metric2

All threads

main(id=0)  4

Example 4:

```bash
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 20 \ 
-z incl -s csv  profile.cubex
```

```
20,0,8.9812e-05
20,1,0
20,2,0
20,3,0
20,4,9.7463e-05
20,5,0
20,6,0
20,7,0
20,8,0.000132327
20,9,0
20,10,0
20,11,0
20,12,7.2788e-05
20,13,0
20,14,0
20,15,0
20,0,8.9812e-05
20,1,-1.79769313486e+308
20,2,-1.79769313486e+308
20,3,-1.79769313486e+308
20,4,9.7463e-05
20,5,-1.79769313486e+308
20,6,-1.79769313486e+308
20,7,-1.79769313486e+308
20,8,0.000132327
20,9,-1.79769313486e+308
20,10,-1.79769313486e+308
20,11,-1.79769313486e+308
20,12,7.2788e-05
20,13,-1.79769313486e+308
20,14,-1.79769313486e+308
20,15,-1.79769313486e+308
20,0,1
```

36
1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

Example 5:

```
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 1 \ 
-z incl -s csv2 profile.cubex
```

Cnode ID, Thread ID, time, New Metric1, New Metric2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cnode ID</th>
<th>Thread ID</th>
<th>time</th>
<th>New Metric1</th>
<th>New Metric2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>80.548967177</td>
<td>80.548967177</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>486614165</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,3</td>
<td>43.940738098</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4</td>
<td>80.539359524</td>
<td>80.539359524, 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,5</td>
<td>42.723353088</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,6</td>
<td>42.61159706</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,7</td>
<td>43.108220977</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,8</td>
<td>80.635176341</td>
<td>80.635176341, 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,9</td>
<td>43.78824208</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,10</td>
<td>43.831524441</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,11</td>
<td>43.652044759</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,12</td>
<td>80.629742485</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,13</td>
<td>42.692885677</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,14</td>
<td>42.719330066</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,15</td>
<td>42.732487708</td>
<td>1.79769313486e+308, 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example 6:

```
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 1 \ 
-z incl -s R profile.cubex -o output_file
```

This will generate binary file "output_file" which can be loaded in R. It consists of three matrices, each one corresponding to one metric. Each matrix is named after the metric and it contains values for all threads and nodes.

Example 7: We select only call path names, starting with "main" using the CubePL expression (stored in file name "selection.cubepl"):
{ 
  ${a}=0;
  if (${cube::region::name}[${calculation::region::id}] =~ /\^main/ )
  { ${a}=1; }; return ${a};
}

Then:

cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c selection.cubepl \
-z incl -t aggr profile.cubex

--------------------------------------------------- DATA ---------------------------------------------------
Print out the data of the metric time
All threads

main(id=0) 841.755571994
main_loop(id=12) 840.73706946

Print out the data of the metric New Metric1
All threads

main(id=0) 210.438892999
main_loop(id=12) 0.210184267365

Print out the data of the metric New Metric2
All threads

main(id=0) 4
main_loop(id=12) 4000

Options "leafs", "roots", "level="", "level<", "level>" and "name=/regexp/" are shortcuts for a build-in CubePL expression, which is used to select a call path.

- "leafs" : stands for:

  { 
    ${a}=0;
    if (${cube::callpath::#children}[${calculation::callpath::id}] == 0 )
    { ${a}=1; }; return ${a};
  }

- "roots" : stands for:

  { 
    ${a}=0;
    if (${cube::callpath::parent::id}[${calculation::callpath::id}] == -1 )
    { ${a}=1; }; return ${a};
  }

- "level=N" : stands for:

  { 
    ${level}=N;
    ${index}=0;
  }
$i=${calculation::callpath::id};
while (${cube::callpath::parent::id}[$i] != -1 )
{ $i= ${cube::callpath::parent::id}[$i]; ${index}=${index}+1; };
${a}=0;
if (${index} == ${level})
{$a}=1; ;
return ${a};
}

• "name=/regexp/" : stands for:

{ $a=0; if ( ${cube::region::name}[${calculation::region::id}] =~ /regexp/ )
{ $a=1; }; return $a; }

"level<N" and "level>N" differ from "level=N" in the boolean operation in the line 8. For
detailed documentation of the syntax of CubePL please see.